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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/297,289	04/28/1999	MASATOSHI MOTEKI	551512/058	9554
7	590 11/20/2002			
STROOCK & STROOCK & LAVAN			EXAMINER	
180 MAIDEN LANE NEW YORK, NY 100384982			GOODWIN,	JEANNE M
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2841	
			DATE MAILED: 11/20/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Author Comme	09/297,289	MOTEKI ET AL.			
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Jeanne-Marguerite Goodwin	2841			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum stather in the period for reply is specified above, the maximum stather in the period for reply is specified above, the maximum state is a failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply in the	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply nunication. io) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 attutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANC	be timely filed 2) days will be considered timely. 3) from the mailing date of this communication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 03 September 2002				
—	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		1, 100 0.0. 210.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-40 and 54-57</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-40 and 54-57</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
	documents have been received.	·			
	documents have been received in Applic	antion No.			
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
	guage provisional application has been	received.			
Attachment(s)	33	Silver 121.			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	FO-948) 5) Notice of Inform	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: In this case, said spring lying in a plane as claimed in claims 14, 23, 34 and 54.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 14-40 and 54-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 5,517,469 to Wiget [hereinafter Wiget] in view of JP Abstract 57108237 to Tadashi [hereinafter Tadashi].

Wiget discloses a timepiece using a spring 2, said spring being formed of a spirally arranged metal and lying in a plane and serving as a source of power. Wiget discloses all the subject matter claimed by applicant with the exception of the limitation stated in claims 14, 23 and 34, i.e., the spring being formed of an amorphous metal material; the limitation stated in claims 16-19, 25-28, and 36-39, i.e., the size and shape of the spring; the limitation stated in claims 21, 22, 30, 31, i.e., the amorphous metal being formed of a plurality of laminated metal strips.

With respect to the limitation stated in claims 14, 23 and 34: Tadashi teaches using a amorphous spring material for a watch in order to reduce the formation of rust and the

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occurrence of breakage. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the spring material, as taught by Wiget, with the spring material, as taught by Tadashi, in order to reduce the formation of rust and the occurrence of breakage, as already suggested by Tadashi.

With respect to the limitation stated in claims 16-19, 25-28, and 36-39: the size and shape of the spring, absent any criticality, is only considered to be an obvious modification of the size and shape of the spring disclosed by Wiget as the courts have held that a change in shape or configuration, without any criticality, is within the level of skill in the art as the particular shape claimed by applicant is nothing more than one of numerous shapes that a person having ordinary skill in the art will find obvious to provide using routine experimentation based on its suitability for the intended use of the invention. See <u>In re Dailey</u>, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1976).

With respect to the limitation stated in claims 21, 22, 30, 31: the amorphous metal being formed of a plurality of laminated metal strips, this limitation, absent any criticality, is only considered a choice of engineering skill, choice or design because 1) neither non-obvious nor unexpected results will be obtained if the amorphous spring assembly is used to reduce the formation of rust and the occurrence of breakage, as already illustrated by Wiget and Tadashi, 2) the amorphous spring assembly, as claimed by applicant and the amorphous spring assembly used by Wiget and Tadashi are well known alternate types of amorphous spring assemblies which will perform the same function, if one is replaced with the other, of reducing the formation of rust and the occurrence of breakage, and the 3) the use of the amorphous spring assembly is considered to be nothing more than the use of one of numerous and well known alternate types of amorphous spring assemblies used to reduce the formation of rust and the

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occurrence of breakage that a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been able to

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provide using routine experimentation.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 14-40 and 54-57 have been considered but

are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of

applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the spring

lying in a single plane) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are

interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the

claim(s). See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner

should be directed to Examiner Jeanne-Marguerite Goodwin whose telephone number is (703)

305-0264. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9am-6pm), alternate

Fridays off. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is (703) 308-7724. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this

application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)

308-0956.

JMG

Nov. 18, 2002

VIT MISK A

PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800